

# REPUBLICAN.

J. CASKEY, Editor.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1856.

Buchanan's majority in Indiana is about 20,000.

Much fighting is reported to have taken place at New Orleans on election day.

Gallia county gave Buchanan 1250; Fillmore 1,175; Fremont 600. In gubernatorial election Chase had 344.

John W. Forney is spoken of as likely to be elected United States Senator from Pennsylvania.

The St. Louis Intelligencer says the Democrats will run Breckenridge in 1860. We shall see.

They talk of putting Fremont into the Senate. A number of the N. Y. journals advocate the step—why not?

The Madison Journal (Wis.) says that their city charter provides that all the shops dealing in intoxicating liquors shall be closed on election day. A good example.

Kentucky.—The Commercial says a dispatch was received in Cincinnati last night, from Mr. Breckenridge, which said Kentucky had gone for Buchanan by fifteen thousand.

We are requested to state that the Rev. Mr. Laverly will preach in the Presbyterian Church of Millersburg, next Sabbath, 23d inst., at half past ten o'clock, A. M., and at Holmesville, half past two the same day.

It is very doubtful whether a single Fillmoreite or Buchanan is has elected to the Massachusetts Legislature. So that Mr. SUMNER will be elected to the U. S. Senate by a unanimous vote. Everywhere outside of BURLINGAME'S district, the old State did glorious.

THE SECOND BOGUS LEGISLATURE IN KANSAS.—The Kansas Legislature, elected on the 6th ult., meets on the second Monday in January, 1857.

Active preparations are being made for the accommodation of the members and visitors at Leocompton.

In several of the counties in Ohio—Fairfield, for instance—nearly all the Democrats who joined the American party have gone back to their first love, and voted for BUCHANAN, while the Whig Americans have stood fast and voted for FILLMORE. This accounts for the increased democratic vote.

A letter to the St. Louis Democrat, dated Nov. 10th, states that twenty of the Free States prisoners, taken at Hickory Point, under Col. HARVEY, have been found guilty of man-slaughter, and sentenced by Judge LECOMPT to five years imprisonment at hard labor—which under the Missouri Kansas code, means ball and chain gang!

A FAIR TEST FOR THE "MEDIUMS."—ADDISON DAVIS, of Linn, offers to give any spiritual medium \$50 who will tell him for whom California has cast her electoral vote, requiring at the same time the exact number of votes each candidate has received before it is possible to hear in any other way from that State.

**Latest from New York.**  
Buchanan 174,372  
Fremont 351,993  
Fillmore 114,891  
Fremont over Buch. 77,491  
Fremont over Fillmore 137,072  
Buch. over Fillmore 59,581  
Whole number of votes 541,336

Here is a puzzle intended for the study of newspaper readers:

I  
Y  
O  
U  
O  
F  
O  
R  
Y  
O  
U  
R  
P  
A  
P  
E  
R  
Y  
O  
U  
P

THE ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT.—The Jury, says the Statesman, in the case of the State of Ohio vs. R. S. McEwen, late Clerk of the Ohio Penitentiary, for embezzlement, came into Court yesterday at 1 o'clock P. M., and stated that they could not agree, and were dismissed. They stood out for acquittal and two for guilty. McEwen, was admitted to bail for his appearance at next term of the Court of Common Pleas.

BUCHANAN A MINORITY PRESIDENT.—In eleven northern States Fremont's majority over Buchanan is 267,411. It is to that Buchanan's majority in all the southern States, and four of the northern States, will not exceed 135,000. Thus it will be seen that Buchanan is a minority President. No wonder the Buchananers are faint in their rejoicings! The great Sham-o-cranic party is falling to pieces. Stand from under!

VERMONT.—The Montpelier Daily Journal, of the 12th, has returns from 220 towns in this State, which gives the following aggregate:  
Fremont 37,602  
Buchanan 9,974  
Fillmore 567  
Fremont's plurality 27,728. The towns to be heard from will increase this to nearly or quite 30,000.

Hon. George T. Hodges, Republican, is elected to Congress in the first district, in place of Hon. John Meacham, deceased, by a majority of about 8,000.

## Colonel Fremont.

Whatever may be the current of politics, Col. Fremont has, in the recent contest, gained laurels which no mere victory could have given. He has proved himself possessed of the most eminent qualities of a man and hero. Malignity by the most malicious lies, he has not stooped to answer them. Assailed in the persons of his mother, wife and children, in terms which are only applicable to the vile and criminal, he has borne it like a martyr, and reviled not again. Amidst a storm of fierce assaults he has remained calm, nor once departed from the dignity of his position and the deportment of a gentleman. The passage of the Rocky Mountains amidst the snow of winter, proved him capable of courage in danger and of fortitude in suffering, but his passage through the Presidential election proves him that rare character—a moral hero. While a shame, which can never be washed out, adheres to his assailants, he emerges from the conflict wiser in conduct, brighter in renown.

We were not in favor of Fremont's nomination, but if it appeared an error then the event has proved it right. Nobly has he sustained the cause committed to his trust, which has been sullied by no act of his, but is now stronger and brighter than ever. It is now certain that no other man could have aroused the same amount of popular sympathy, and to him has been paid the highest compliment ever bestowed by this nation on one of its age. At forty-five only, while yet young, he has barely escaped an election to the Presidency. For him it is glory enough.

## The Bitter Bitten.

The Wayne county (Pa.) Democrat says that at the meeting of the Return Judges of that county, after the Presidential election, the democrats undertook to cipher out a majority for Buchanan. To do this they excepted to the returns from three republican townships, on the ground of informality. A rule was established to make the lack of particularity in the returns from these townships fatal to their reception. The returns were excluded. Afterwards it was discovered that the returns from three other townships were defective in the same way, and they had to be excluded likewise. The result was that the Democrats lost in the operation. The allowed majority for the fusion ticket was greater than the actual majority. The actual fusion majority, allowing all the returns to stand, is 4. Excluding the returns from the six townships, it is 100. So much the democrats got by trying to cheat. They defrauded all the electors of six townships out of their votes, in order to swell up a respectable Buchanan majority, and all they accomplished was an increase of the fusion majority. There is such a thing as being altogether too sharp.

## Election Frauds.

The Louisville Journal says that a paper is circulating in Kentucky for signatures, calling on the Governor to convene an extra session of the legislature, for the purpose of considering the frauds practised at the late elections and taking some measures to prevent a repetition of them. The Journal does not say what was the extent of the fraudulent voting in that State; but it hints very strongly that the heavy majorities in the river counties of Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois were swelled by voters who had no right to vote in either, but who exercised the privilege of voting in the two that happened to be most convenient.

There can be no doubt, we think, that an immense amount of fraudulent voting was thus done on the borders of States contiguous to each other. In all probability, Illinois has been carried for Buchanan by votes smuggled over the border from Kentucky and Missouri, and it is not at all improbable that Kentucky was carried in the manner suggested by the Journal.

In Pennsylvania the amount of illegal voting was unnecessarily large, the democracy having overrated their necessities.

CENSUS OF NEBRASKA.—This young Territory is going ahead finely. The census just taken shows a population of 10,716, and 4,000 voters. The population has increased over two and one-fourth fold in a single year, and the number of voters is nearly three times greater than in 1855.

MAINE.—The Kennebec Journal has returns from all the towns in the State except 49, and from all the plantations but 45. They give the following footings:

Fremont 61,450  
Buchanan 33,191  
Fillmore 3,053  
Fremont over Buchanan 27,259. In the entire State his plurality will be about 28,500.

## Making the President.

By the law of 1782, the Presidential electors are to meet at the State capitals on the first Wednesday of December, (Dec. 3,) give in their votes for President and Vice President, make three certified lists thereof, transmit one by a special messenger to the President of the Senate at Washington, another by mail, and deposit the third with the Judge of the District Court. The first two are to be sent to Washington by the first Wednesday in January. On the second Wednesday of February (Feb. 11,) the votes are to be counted by the President of the Senate, in presence of both branches of Congress.

On the 4th March the new Presidential term begins. On that day also the terms of the present House of Representatives expire, and those of the new House begin. After the inauguration, the President usually summons a session of the Senate, for such Executive business as may be important, confirm Cabinet appointments, etc. Congress will not meet, unless called together by extra session, until Dec. 1st, 1857.

## Original Communications.

For the Holmes County Republican.

Where is Shock.

Mr. CASKEY:—A little over one year ago, it was the privilege of the people of this county to select a Prosecuting Attorney, to stand guard over the State's rights in the county. It was then asserted that if the present incumbent of that office should be successful, that it would be the last of the prosecutions against Sirock. His friends assured the people that he was an enemy to GILBERT, and an enemy to crime generally, and that if elected he would ferret out the whole transaction of the plundering of the county.

How has this turned out? On the 12th of November, Sirock's time expired in the Penitentiary, and there is now pending some half-dozen or more indictments against him. Why is it that the Prosecutor has all at once become so tame, and so forgetful of the pledges made by him and his friends? Does he know that it is his duty to have these indictments disposed of by an arrest and trial? What influence has wrought upon him since his election to cause him to slumber upon the rights of the people? Let him emerge from his hiding place, and tell us where Sirock is, and why he has not redeemed the pledged virtue of the party to which he belongs, that crime should receive no countenance at his hands. Is it because he is fearful of incurring costs upon the county, that this plunderer is to go unwhipped of justice? If so, all a man will have to do, to protect him in crime, is to commit greater ones, and the people will suffer them rather than incur the costs of a prosecution.

## PRAIRIE.

### Oyster Trade.

The oyster trade of Baltimore is of less than twenty years' growth, and now there are upwards of three hundred vessels employed in the business, which bring weekly to the city over 100,000 bushels, the larger portion of which, the American ships, are shipped to the West within twenty-four hours of their arrival. A single establishment in Baltimore shucks, packs, and ships 4000 bushels per day, or more than 1,000,000 bushels per year, excluding the three months in which the law prohibits their being brought to the city. At the same time upwards of 400,000 bushels of lime are burned. There are a large number of establishments engaged in the various modes of preserving the bivalves for transportation, and the whole trade far exceeds \$2,000,000 per year. The West "pays for the oysters."—Exchange.

H. S. WASTOX, Agent, for this place, is doing a large business. Call and see what one ones he has.

### The Wicked Gnash their Teeth.

The following is from the Washington Union, organ of the Pierce and Buchanan Administrations:

FRIER BIDDEN NEW ENGLAND.—The result of the Presidential election in New England proves that a majority of her people have bowed their necks to the dominion of religious fanaticism. While their hearts are bleeding over the condition of slavery in which the negroes at the South are placed, they seem to be wholly unconscious that they are the victims of a far worse servility themselves. They are the slaves of passion, of prejudice, of religious tyranny; and yet they hug their own chains in shedding tears over the servility of southern slaves, who neither desire or need their sympathies. New England to-day is groaning under a despotism which challenges a parallel in any other part of the world. They labor under the delusion that they are free men, and they boast loudly of their devotion to freedom. But there is no freedom in New England.—The church is supreme over the minds of the priest-ridden people. They do not think for themselves, but the political oracles of the pulpit do their thinking. The worst species of despotism is that in which the mind is enslaved. That is the despotism which broods over New England.

The slave of the South is happy and contented with his condition. He knows that he was not fitted by nature for freedom, and he is contented with the guardian protection which he enjoys from humane and kind masters. The New England men are deluded with the idea that they are free, and yet they are wearing the chains of enslaved intellectual beings. They look to their religious teachers for their thoughts, and they follow the dictates of bigotry and fanaticism with slavish submission. They choose whatever falsehood, whether of doctrine or of fact, that their religious guides choose to impose upon them. Church and State are virtually one in New England.—The power of the pulpit is supreme, and it has just been exerted in dictating the vote cast for Fremont.

PRICE OF WOOL.—There has been a steady rise in the price of wool ever since May, with no prospect of a decline. This should induce farmers to take good care of their sheep during the winter. The wools of Jefferson and Harrison are now selling at home for from 55 to 60 cents a pound, and the fine wools of Washington county, Pennsylvania, are held at 65 cents. Goodale & Co., Cleveland, have furnished us with the following:—"The wool market presents an upward tendency; our sales amount to over 200,000 lbs. within the last three days, at an advance over former prices. We are anticipating still further advance between this and February, owing to the short supply on the market, but not owing to any ability of the manufacturers to pay higher prices, for it is evident that wools bear much higher rates in proportion than woolen goods."—Ohio Farmer.

LYONS LAW IN KANSAS.—Under this head the St. Louis Republican states that two persons have been arrested on Pottawatomie Creek in Kansas Territory charged with robbery of peaceable citizens, and hung with the ropes taken from the animals stolen by them. One of the men hung bore the name of Patrique, and has been quite a conspicuous character in the Territory. Name of the other not known.

The latest from Illinois gives the Republicans the State ticket, by about 9,000 majority for Bisell. The House, it is said, will stand, 39 Democrats, 29 Republicans, 4 Fillmoreites; and the Senate, 1 Dem. majority.

## What Democratic Victories are Made of in Illinois.

Every body has been astonished at the vote Illinois "Egypt" gives for Buchanan. When the tremendous majorities given for Fremont by the intelligent citizens of the northern counties were reported, the State was given up, even by the Democratic press, as having gone for Fremont and freedom. But, lo! the Southern counties went almost solid, many of them, for Buchanan; and to the amazement of all, the State is carried by the Buchananers. Now we propose to throw a little light upon the subject. We submit the following table as giving an obvious explanation.

NUMBER OF ADULT PERSONS WHO CANNOT READ NOR WRITE.

Native Foreign.	Native Foreign.	Native Foreign.
Alexander 476 20	Edward 206 84	
Franklin 599 0	Gallatin 719 39	
Hamilton 1101 10	Hardin 194 0	
Jackson 1043 17	Johnson 656 0	
Macon 55 0	Perry 109 1	
Pope 772 0	Polaski 347 8	
Saline 772 0	Union 1387 8	
Wabash 26 1	Wayne 866 0	
White 867 61	Wilks'n 1141 8	

Total 10,987 199  
These are the Southern counties, constituting what is called Egypt, and which gave the great majorities for Buchanan.—Of these, Jackson gave 1,175 Dem. majority; Union, 1,400; Williamson, 1,200. Sangamon gives Buck 1,200 majority, and there are in the county 2,024 adults who can neither read nor write.

Winnebago county gives Fremont 8,200 majority, and only nine who cannot read and write. In Sangamon, Williamson, Hamilton and Johnson, the aggregate population is 14,505, and 4,922 of the number cannot read or write, being one third of the whole!!

We find on examination that the first seven Fremont counties we came to on the Reserve, stand as follows:

ADULT POPULATION WHO CANNOT READ OR WRITE.	ADULT POPULATION WHO CANNOT READ OR WRITE.
Ashtabula 172	
Trumbull 291	
Cuyahoga 736	
Lake 16	
Summit 770	
Geauga 3	
Maumee 388	
Total 2316	

In these seven counties the aggregate adult population is 92,505, showing that about one in forty cannot read or write. Of the 736 ignorant ones in Cuyahoga, 561 are foreigners, nearly every man of whom voted for Buchanan.

In the New England States, in New York, in Northern Ohio, Indiana and Illinois—in short, wherever the people are intelligent and educated—where schools, colleges and newspapers are found, there you find the people voting the Republican ticket; but where ignorance fosters a mere animal existence—where schools are almost unknown, and the people are degraded—where election day is a whisky saturnalia—there you find the pro-slavery Democracy triumphant.

It is stated that the democratic majority in the 9th district of Illinois is actually larger than the entire legal vote of the whole district in 1854!

Where there is ignorance, there will be corruption. There is no doubt that if the fraudulent votes returned from Egypt could be got at, the expose would be astounding.

At the Democratic convention last spring, a leading Douglasite remarked in a boasting manner: "Just let us know what majority 'Egypt' must give to elect the Democratic ticket; and I shall be forthcoming." That fellow knew his party well.

The N. Y. Tribune says that in city, the thieves, gamblers, brothel keepers and rum-sellers almost to a man, went for Buchanan, and quotes in corroboration, the votes of the notorious "Five Points," which stood 574 for Buchanan—25 for all others!

The number of newspapers and periodicals published in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Illinois, stands as follows:

Papers and Periodicals.	Adult Pop.
Ohio 261	889,593
Pennsylvania 199	1,086,005
Illinois 107	371,275
New York 428	

The principal part of the journals in Illinois are printed and read in the northern part of the State, where Republicanism carries all before it.

All we have to do is to educate the masses—scatter light through the agency of common schools and the free press, and the entire North is with us. Light and truth go hand in hand—oppression and darkness are inseparable. Steadily and ceaselessly the waves of enlightenment are breaking brightly against the crumbling bulwarks of ignorance. These dark spots will ere long be inundated with the glorious tide and the last vestige of pro-slavery Democracy will be swept into oblivion.—Cleveland Leader.

THE ALLIES OF BUCHANAN.—Although all our readers are fully and firmly convinced of the fact that the Fillmore and Buchanan men were allies in the late fight—Bishop Hughes leading one wing of the army and the K. N. Fillmoreites the other—we yet wish to put on record the admission of the parties themselves to that end.—The following from the Louisville Journal is just the point:

"Although unsuccessful in the election of its candidate, the American party deserves the gratitude of the country for what it has done in the recent contest.—The supporters of Buchanan may rejoice over their success. They may shout loudly over their victory, but the fact is plain that, if the contest had been single handed between Fremont and Buchanan, Fremont would without doubt have been elected.—Fremont has been defeated and the Democracy owe their success to the fact that the Fillmore party was in the field. To its efforts the country is indebted for the defeat of the Northern sectional party."

We understand that Mr. J. Elwell and family, who left this place for the west some time since, were aboard the propeller Toledo, and of course all found a watery grave. The family consisted of father, mother, two sons and one daughter. The sons were both married men, having left their wives here to return for them as soon as they found a location in the West.—We get our information from a friend of the family. The news is heart-rending to their friends remaining here.—Painesville Advertiser, 11th.

Hon. CHARLES SUMNER.—The Boston Atlas of Friday says the rumors that Mr. Sumner will decline a re-election to the Senate, are without foundation, and that Mr. Sumner's health is improving.

## Kansas Affairs.

From Kansas.

The Herald of Freedom contains many items of interest touching the condition of things in Kansas, and we commend the excellent journal to general patronage.—Some \$3000 have been contributed to help re-establish it, principally obtained by the efforts of Mrs. Brown while her husband was imprisoned as a traitor. Further aid is needed, and Mrs. Brown intends to spend the winter in the Western States, and will call upon the friends of Freedom for subscriptions.—The Herald says:

"We trust she will be received everywhere as the representative of this office.—To Mrs. B.'s energy the public are indebted for the re-appearance of the Herald of Freedom at this time. Until quiet is restored in Kansas, on her will devolve most of our duties in the States, as we have no desire to run the gamut of the Missouri river again. Mrs. Brown pledges herself to step into the breach, and continue the publication of our journal, should violence befall us which should incapacitate us from pursuing our duties."

The Herald thus speaks of the donation of Cleveland's enterprising and liberal paper manufacturers:—"Younglove & Hoyt, paper manufacturers, of Cleveland, Ohio, gave us \$125 in printing paper; it being the same on which this number of the Herald is issued. The friends of the cause in the States should extend to these manufacturers their patronage, for this generous donation."

Mr. Brown, proprietor of the Herald of Freedom, has erected a monument to the Border Ruffians in front of his office. The heavy iron frames of the presses destroyed are placed on blocks of the imposing stone, which was New England granite. One side of the press is inscribed:—"Destroyed by Border Ruffians, May 21st, 1856."

The ladies of Lawrence have presented Mr. Brown with a beautiful flag, in appreciation of his conduct as an editor, and as a fitting memento of the times. It waves from the office of the Herald, in place of the bloody banner planted there by the Border Ruffians in May.

The Herald states that trade has entirely stopped between Kansas City, Mo., and the Free State settlers in Kansas, and advises all to avoid Westport and Kansas City. Business men ship their freight to Leavenworth City, and traders pass on to that point, avoiding Kansas City and Westport as though infested with the plague.—The mail arrangements between Lawrence and St. Louis are now quite regular.

The Herald expresses gratification that Col. Sumner is on his way to Kansas to take charge of his command. He will supersede Col. Cook. Col. Sumner has been East since early in July on leave of absence.

An office is to be opened in Lawrence to give information concerning claims to emigrants on their first arrival, and to furnish agents to go with them to select a location.

Mechanics of all kinds are needed in Kansas. There is a large and interesting population of agriculturists scattering over the Territory, and a good supply of professional men and mechanics. The Herald states that people sleep on pole bedssteads, or on the floor, or on the ground. Any mechanical business started will be found almost without opposition.

Joshua Miller, one of the editors of the Kansas Free State, a journal mobbed to death by the Border Ruffians, and who was himself arrested by a gang of South Carolina outlaws in May last, tried before Stringfellow's mock court, and finally released after his proving that he was not an abolitionist, has returned to Lawrence from Iowa. Col. Delahay, editor of the Free State paper at Topeka destroyed by a mob, is at Alton, Ill., with his family, and designs returning to Kansas as soon as the state of the Territory will justify his doing so.

The Herald of the 8th has intelligence that several cases of outrage have recently occurred in the southern part of Kansas.—Bodies of armed men from Missouri followed upon the heels of Gov. Geary and his troops, and committed various depredations on the Free State settlers. A party of twenty-two persons from Westport, searching for claims in the vicinity of Oswatimie, were beset two nights in succession by bodies of armed men. The attacking party was repelled. No lives lost.

Mr. J. W. H. Golden, who recently left the hospital in Lawrence, for the East, became alarmed for his safety in consequence of the threats of the border ruffians on board the steamer Omaha, and while delirious jumped overboard and was lost. The Herald of the 8th, relates another base murder, and calls upon Gov. Geary to inquire into the facts, and punish the gang of outlaws. It says:

"A Free State Settler residing on the Ottawa Creek, on Saturday last, while traveling on the high-way towards Westport Mo., for provisions, was beset near Roger's residence, at the head of Bull Creek, was robbed, then shot and left for dead. The ball entered the back, at the side of the spinal column, and passed through the body a little below the heart. He was found a few days after by a party of teamsters, and was taken to Westport. There is no probability that he is now living. The assassins are said to be a party of Georgians who are encamped in the vicinity, and who are attempting to carry out their threats of extermination against the Free State Settlers."

It is reported that Gov. Geary is exercising his subduing powers by disbanding a company of Free State men organized under his instructions at Sugar Mound, and that he has left the inhabitants of that vicinity in a very unprotected situation from the incursions of the Border Ruffians.

The Herald instances as specimens of the grit of Free State men, that substantial stone buildings are going up in place of the dwellings of Judge Wakefield, Mr. Heath, Capt. Walker, and others, burned by Stringfellow and his followers, in Sept. last. The Emigrant Aid Society has contracted for the construction of the basement of their spacious hotel in Lawrence this fall. The new hotel will be 55 by 70 on the ground and four stories high, including the basement. It is to be completed as early as possible in the spring.—Cleveland Herald.

### Letter from the Widow of Lord Byron.

ANDOVER, Monday, Nov. 10,  
To the Editor of the Telegraph.  
DEAR SIR: I have just received from London a note from Lady Byron, (the widow of the poet,) to Mrs. Stowe, of which I send you a copy.  
Oct. 18, 1856.—Dear Mrs. Stowe: Will you kindly undertake in transmitting my subscription towards the relief of the

sufferers in Kansas, to secure this point—that the money shall not be applied to the purpose of providing arms? It is, however, intended as an expression of sympathy with those who have resisted oppression at the hazard of life and property; and I cannot but hope that such sympathy is felt as warmly by many here as by Yours most truly,  
A. T. NOEL BYRON.

The inclosure was a draft for 65 pounds sterling.

Having had the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with Lady Byron, I can testify that she is one of the most intelligent and most truly excellent woman I have ever seen; and her sympathy, good will and prayers for the cause are to my feelings more gratifying than any amount of money. I will say of her what was said of Mary in the Gospel: "She hath done what she could."

Respectfully yours, C. E. STOWE.

### Presidential Election in Ohio.

REPORTED.			
	Fremont.	Buch.	Fill.
Adams		350	
Allen	1416	1508	94
Ashland		206	
Ashtabula	5138	975	223
Athens	2321	1364	168
Auglaize		720	
Belmont	1817	2810	1751
Brown	1787	2695	430
Butler		1210	
Carroll	1750	1255	7
Champaign	284		
Clerk	2503	1401	166
Clermont		160	
Clinton	950		
Columbiana	1021		
Coshocton	345	458	49
Crawford		468	
Cuyahoga	1225		
Darke	101		
Defiance			
Delaware	703		
Erie	2259	1373	70
Fairfield	1600	2326	701
Fayette	1209	880	373
Franklin		300	
Fulton			
Gallia	616	1309	
Geauga	2624	575	58
Greene	3033	1465	214
Guernsey	2391	1931	209
Hamilton	3325	1215	5810
Hancock	1773	1944	37
Hardin	231		
Harrison	2060	1474	110
Henry			
Highland		333	900
Hocking	1089	1454	126
Holmes		825	
Huron	3472	1712	72
Jackson	947	1892	402
Jefferson	400		
Knox	298		108
Lake	2372	229	39
Lawrence		300	
Licking		360	
Logan	672		
Lorain	3590	1433	52
Lucas		353	
Madison	985	659	450
Mahoning			
Marion	1378	1285	5
Medina	1100		
Meigs			
Mercer	630	1160	116
Miami	3071	1989	159
Monroe		1796	
Montgomery		248	
Morgan	2124	1674	200
Morrow	365		
Muskingum	3184	3428	1108
Noble			
Ottawa			
Paulding	500	178	5
Perry	1386	1838	492
Pickaway	1302	1465	373
Pike		652	
Portage	989		
Preble	665		8
Rainey		330	
Richland	2908	2728	52
Ross		57	
Sandusky		250	
Scioto	539	1654	1319
Seneca		150	
Shelby	1355	1448	127
Stark	3775	3663	29
Summit	450		
Trumbull	4050	1920	19
Tuscarawas			
Union	1430	1055	266
Van Wert		40	
Vinton		243	
Warren			
Washington	550		
Wayne	2905	2918	40
Williams	2350		
Wood			
Wyandot	1244	1275	101